General Description

The AAT2606 is a member of Skyworks’ Total Power Management IC (TPMIC™) product family. It contains six fully integrated 300mA low dropout (LDO) regulators in a small, Pb-free 14-pin 3mm x 3mm TDFN package, making it ideal for space-constraint systems.

The AAT2606 features low power consumption, low dropout, and high noise immunity from the input power supply. Each channel consumes a mere 30µA of current when enabled and features 250mV of dropout at 250mA and 68dB of power supply rejection at 10kHz. Each channel has its own enable pin and uses a small 1µF output capacitor. Output voltages are factory One Time Programmable (OTP) between 0.6V and 3.7V with 100mV increment and typical regulation accuracy is ±1%.

The AAT2606 is a safe solution that integrates an over-current limit for each channel and over-thermal protection. The device is rated over a temperature range of -40°C to 85°C.

Features

- 2.7V to 5.5V Operating Input Voltage Range
- 6 Outputs with Factory Programmable Voltages from 0.6V to 3.7V
- 300mA Output Current per Channel
- 3mm x 3mm, 14-Pin TDFN Package
- ±1% Typical Accuracy
- Low 30µA Quiescent Current
- High PSRR (68dB @10KHZ)
- 250mV Dropout Voltage at 250mA
- Independent Enable
- Over-Current Protection
- Over-Thermal Protection

Applications

- Portable Navigation Devices (PND)
- Cellular Application
- Handheld Products
- Media Players (MP4 Players)

Typical Application

Typical Application Diagram:

Power Supply Rejection Ratio, PSRR

(VIN(DC) = 5V; VOUT = 1.9V; IOUT = 100mA)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency (Hz)</th>
<th>PSRR (dB)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10000</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100000</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000000</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Pin Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin #</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>EN1</td>
<td>LDO1 enable, active high.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>EN2</td>
<td>LDO2 enable, active high.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>EN3</td>
<td>LDO3 enable, active high.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>EN4</td>
<td>LDO4 enable, active high.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>EN6</td>
<td>LDO6 enable, active high.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>VIN</td>
<td>Input to power control circuit and all LDOs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Ground.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>VO6</td>
<td>LDO6 output voltage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>VO5</td>
<td>LDO5 output voltage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>VO4</td>
<td>LDO4 output voltage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>VO3</td>
<td>LDO3 output voltage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>VO2</td>
<td>LDO2 output voltage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>VO1</td>
<td>LDO1 output voltage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>EN5</td>
<td>LDO5 enable, active high.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pin Configuration

TDFN33-14
(Top View)
### Absolute Maximum Ratings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$V_{IN}$</td>
<td>VIN, EN1, EN2, EN3, EN4, EN5, EN6 to GND</td>
<td>-0.3 to 6.5</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Thermal Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$\theta_{JA}$</td>
<td>Thermal Resistance</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>°C/W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$P_{D}$</td>
<td>Maximum Power Dissipation</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$T_J$</td>
<td>Operating Temperature Range</td>
<td>-40 to 150</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$T_S$</td>
<td>Storage Temperature Range</td>
<td>-65 to 150</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$T_{LEAD}$</td>
<td>Maximum Soldering Temperature (at leads, 10 sec)</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Stresses above those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation at conditions other than the operating conditions specified is not implied. Only one Absolute Maximum Rating should be applied at any one time.

2. Mounted on an FR4 board.
Six-Channel 300mA LDO Regulator

Electrical Characteristics

$V_{IN} = 5.0V$, $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ C$, unless noted otherwise. Typical values are $T_A = 25^\circ C$.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Typ</th>
<th>Max</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$V_{ENx}$</td>
<td>Input High Threshold</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{ENx}$</td>
<td>Input Low Threshold</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{IN}$</td>
<td>Input Voltage Range</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UVLO</td>
<td>Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold</td>
<td>Falling</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rising</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{LDO}$</td>
<td>LDO Output Voltage</td>
<td>$I_{LDO} = 1mA$ to $250mA$, OTP per requirement</td>
<td>0.6V</td>
<td>$V_{IN} - V_{DO}$</td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$I_{Q}$</td>
<td>LDO Quiescent Current</td>
<td>$V_{IN} = 5V$, added quiescent current when LDO is enabled</td>
<td>-3</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>µA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$I_{SHDN}$</td>
<td>Shutdown Current</td>
<td>$V_{IN} = 5.0V$, $EN = GND$</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>µA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{DO}$</td>
<td>Line Regulation</td>
<td>$I_{LDO} = 10mA$</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>%/V</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$I_{LDO(LIM)}$</td>
<td>Dropout Voltage</td>
<td>$I_{LDO} = 250mA$</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>mV</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSRR</td>
<td>Power Supply Rejection Ratio</td>
<td>$V_{IN} = 5.0V$, $EN = High$, $I_{LDO} = 100mA$, $f = 10KHz$, $V_{DO} = 1.8V$</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>dB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$I_{LDO(LIM)}$</td>
<td>LDO Current Limit</td>
<td></td>
<td>300</td>
<td></td>
<td>mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$T_{SD}$</td>
<td>Over-Temperature Shutdown Threshold</td>
<td>Rising</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$T_{HYS}$</td>
<td>Over-Temperature Shutdown Hysteresis</td>
<td></td>
<td>25</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Specification over the $-40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$ operating temperature range is assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.
## Programming Output Voltages via OTP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulator</th>
<th>Output Voltage Range</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LDO1</td>
<td>0.6V - 3.7V</td>
<td>100mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDO2</td>
<td>0.6V - 3.7V</td>
<td>100mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDO3</td>
<td>0.6V - 3.7V</td>
<td>100mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDO4</td>
<td>0.6V - 3.7V</td>
<td>100mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDO5</td>
<td>0.6V - 3.7V</td>
<td>100mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDO6</td>
<td>0.6V - 3.7V</td>
<td>100mV</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Block Diagram

![AAT2606 Block Diagram](image-url)

- **VIN**: Input Voltage
- **AGND**: Ground
- **EN1-EN6**: Enable Pins
- **VO1-VO6**: Output Pins
- **1µF**: Capacitors
- **Bias, Control, and OTP**: Circuit for biasing, controlling, and output trimming
- **LDO1-LDO6**: Six-channel LDO regulators
- **Output Voltage Trim**: Adjusts the output voltages

This diagram illustrates the six-channel 300mA LDO regulator, showing the connection of the input voltage (VIN) to the AAT2606 chip, and the output voltages (VO1-VO6) with respective capacitors (1µF) for stability.
Typical Characteristics

### Load Regulation (V\text{OUT} = 1V)

- **Output Current (mA)**
  - 0.1
  - 1
  - 10
  - 100
  - 1000

- **Load Regulation (%)**
  - 0.1
  - 1
  - 10
  - 100
  - 1000

- **V\text{IN}**
  - 5.5V
  - 4.2V
  - 3.6V
  - 2.7V

### Load Regulation (V\text{OUT} = 3V)

- **Output Current (mA)**
  - 0.1
  - 1
  - 10
  - 100
  - 1000

- **Load Regulation (%)**
  - 0.1
  - 1
  - 10
  - 100
  - 1000

- **V\text{IN}**
  - 5.5V
  - 4.2V
  - 3.6V
  - 2.7V

### Line Regulation (V\text{OUT} = 1V)

- **Input Voltage (V)**
  - 2.7
  - 3.1
  - 3.5
  - 3.9
  - 4.3
  - 4.7
  - 5.1
  - 5.5

- **Line Regulation (%)**
  - 0.1
  - 1
  - 10
  - 100
  - 1000

- **I\text{OUT}**
  - 300mA
  - 150mA
  - 100mA
  - 1mA

### Line Regulation (V\text{OUT} = 3V)

- **Input Voltage (V)**
  - 2.7
  - 3.1
  - 3.5
  - 3.9
  - 4.3
  - 4.7
  - 5.1
  - 5.5

- **Line Regulation (%)**
  - 0.1
  - 1
  - 10
  - 100
  - 1000

- **I\text{OUT}**
  - 300mA
  - 150mA
  - 100mA
  - 1mA

### Output Voltage Error vs. Temperature (LDO V\text{OUT} = 1V)

- **Temperature (°C)**
  - -50
  - -25
  - 0
  - 25
  - 50
  - 75
  - 100

- **Output Voltage Error (%)**
  - -1
  - -0.8
  - -0.6
  - -0.4
  - -0.2
  - 0
  - 0.2
  - 0.4
  - 0.6
  - 0.8
  - 1

- **I\text{OUT}**
  - 1mA
  - 250mA

### Output Voltage Error vs. Temperature (LDO V\text{OUT} = 3V)

- **Temperature (°C)**
  - -50
  - -25
  - 0
  - 25
  - 50
  - 75
  - 100

- **Output Voltage Error (%)**
  - -1
  - -0.8
  - -0.6
  - -0.4
  - -0.2
  - 0
  - 0.2
  - 0.4
  - 0.6
  - 0.8
  - 1

- **I\text{OUT}**
  - 1mA
  - 250mA
Typical Characteristics

Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage
(Contributed By Each LDO)

![Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage Graph]

Load Transient
(V\text{OUT} = 1.85V; V\text{IN} = 3.6V; I\text{OUT} = 30mA to 300mA)

![Load Transient Graph]

Power Supply Rejection Ratio, PSRR
(V\text{IN(DC)} = 5V; V\text{OUT} = 1.9V; I\text{OUT} = 100mA)

![Power Supply Rejection Ratio Graph]
**Functional Description**

The AAT2606 includes six LDO regulators. The regulators operate from the 2.7V to 5.5V input voltage to a regulated output voltage. Each LDO regulator has its own independent enable pin. The LDO regulators have a fixed output programmed during manufacturing. Each LDO consumes 30μA of quiescent current and is stable with a small 1.0μF ceramic output capacitor. These LDOs offer high power supply rejection, over-current protection and over-temperature protection.

**Application Information**

**Input Capacitor**

Typically, a 2.2μF or larger ceramic capacitor is recommended for $C_{V_{IN}}$ in most applications. The input capacitor should be located as close to the input ($V_{IN}$) of the device as practically possible. $C_{V_{IN}}$ values greater than 2.2μF will offer superior input line transient response and will assist in maximizing the highest possible power supply ripple rejection.
**Output Capacitor**

For proper load voltage regulation and operational stability, a capacitor is required between the VOUT and GND pins. The \( C_{\text{OUT}} \) capacitor connection to the LDO regulator ground pin should be made as direct as practically possible for maximum device performance.

The AAT2606 LDO regulators have been specifically designed to function with very low ESR ceramic capacitors. Although the device is intended to operate with these low ESR capacitors, it is stable over a very wide range of capacitor ESR, thus it will also work with higher ESR tantalum or aluminum electrolytic capacitors. However, for best performance, ceramic capacitors are recommended.

Typical output capacitor values for maximum output current conditions range from 1μF to 10μF.

**Thermal Calculations**

There are two types of losses associated with the AAT2606 total power management solution [six LDO regulators]: conduction losses, and quiescent current losses. Conduction losses are associated with the power loss of the voltage difference across the pass switch/FET of the six LDO regulators. At full load, a simplified form of the losses is given by the following (quiescent losses are ignored, since conduction losses are so dominant):

\[
\begin{align*}
P_{\text{LDO1}} &= I_{\text{LDO1}} \cdot (V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{O1}}) \\
P_{\text{LDO2}} &= I_{\text{LDO2}} \cdot (V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{O2}}) \\
P_{\text{LDO3}} &= I_{\text{LDO3}} \cdot (V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{O3}}) \\
P_{\text{LDO4}} &= I_{\text{LDO4}} \cdot (V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{O4}}) \\
P_{\text{LDO5}} &= I_{\text{LDO5}} \cdot (V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{O5}}) \\
P_{\text{LDO6}} &= I_{\text{LDO6}} \cdot (V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{O6}}) \\
P_{\text{TOTAL}} &= P_{\text{LDO1}} + P_{\text{LDO2}} + P_{\text{LDO3}} + P_{\text{LDO4}} + P_{\text{LDO5}} + P_{\text{LDO6}}
\end{align*}
\]

**Layout**

The suggested PCB layout for the AAT2606 is shown in Figures 2 and 3. The following guidelines should be used to help ensure a proper layout.

1. The input capacitors (\( C1 \) should connect as closely as possible to VIN (Pin 6) and GND (Pin 7).
2. The resistance of the trace from the load return to the GND (Pins 7) should be kept to a minimum. This will help to minimize any error in DC regulation due to differences in the potential of the internal signal ground and the power ground.
3. For good thermal coupling, PCB vias are required from the pad for the TDFN33-14’s exposed paddle to the ground plane.

Table 1 lists the output voltage options for the 6 LDO regulators (LDO1 ~ LDO6).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>( V_{\text{O1}} ) (V)</th>
<th>( V_{\text{O2}} ) (V)</th>
<th>( V_{\text{O3}} ) (V)</th>
<th>( V_{\text{O4}} ) (V)</th>
<th>( V_{\text{O5}} ) (V)</th>
<th>( V_{\text{O6}} ) (V)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AAT2606IWO-1-T1</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AAT2606IWO-4-T1</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>3.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 1: Output Voltage Options.**
**AAT2606**  
_Six-Channel 300mA LDO Regulator_

---

### Figure 1: AAT2606 Evaluation Board Schematic.

![Schematic Diagram](image)

---

### Figure 2: AAT2606 Evaluation Board Top Side Layout.

![Top Side Layout](image)

---

### Figure 3: AAT2606 Evaluation Board Bottom Side Layout.

![Bottom Side Layout](image)
### Ordering Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Package</th>
<th>Marking</th>
<th>Part Number (Tape and Reel)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TDFN33-14</td>
<td>9WXYY</td>
<td>AAT2606IWO-1-T1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TDFN33-14</td>
<td>X9XYY</td>
<td>AAT2606IWO-4-T1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skyworks Green™ products are compliant with all applicable legislation and are halogen-free. For additional information, refer to Skyworks Definition of Green™, document number SQ04-0074.

### Package Information

**TDFN33-14**

- **Index Area**: 3.000 ± 0.050
- **Top View**: 1.650 ± 0.050
- **Bottom View**: 2.500 ± 0.050
- **Side View**: 0.425 ± 0.050

All dimensions in millimeters.

---

1. XYY = assembly and date code.
2. Sample stock is generally held on part numbers listed in **BOLD**.
3. The leadless package family, which includes QFN, TQFN, DFN, TDFN and STDFN, has exposed copper (unplated) at the end of the lead terminals due to the manufacturing process. A solder fillet at the exposed copper edge cannot be guaranteed and is not required to ensure a proper bottom solder connection.
Six-Channel 300mA LDO Regulator