DATA SHEET

SKY65116: 390 to 500 MHz Linear Power Amplifier

Applications

- TETRA radio
- GSM450 and GSM480
- NMT450
- Wireless local loop

Features

- Wideband frequency operation: 390 to 500 MHz
- High linearity: OIP3 +43 dBm
- High efficiency: 40% PAE
- High gain: 35 dB
- P1dB = +32.5 dBm
- Single DC supply: 3.6 V
- Internal RF match and bias circuits
- PA on/off voltage control
- Operating temperature: –40 °C to +85 °C
- Low cost, MCM (12-pin, 8 x 8 mm) Pb-free (MSL3, 250 °C per JEDEC J-STD-020) package

Skyworks Green™ products are compliant with all applicable legislation and are halogen-free.

For additional information, refer to Skyworks Definition of Green™, document number SQ04-0074.

Description

The SKY65116 is a fully matched, linear Power Amplifier (PA), high linearity and high efficiency surface mount module designed for use in the 390 to 500 MHz band.

The device is fabricated using Skyworks high reliability Gallium Arsenide (GaAs) Heterojunction Bipolar Transistor (HBT) process, which allows for single supply operation while maintaining high efficiency and good linearity. Microwave Monolithic Integrated Circuits (MMICs), comprised of GaAs and Silicon CMOS, contain all the active circuitry in the module. This includes the in-module bias circuitry, as well as the RF interstage matching circuit. The input and output match is realized off-chip within the module package to optimize efficiency and high power performance (P1dB = +32.5 dBm) into a 50 Ω load.

Primary bias to the SKY65116 can be supplied directly from a single cell lithium-ion or other suitable battery with a nominal output of 3.6 V. No external supply side switch is needed as typical “off” leakage is a few microamperes with full primary voltage supplied from the battery.

The module can operate over the temperature range of –40 °C to +85 °C.

The SKY65116 is provided in a low-cost, Surface Mount Technology (SMT) 8 x 8 mm Multi-Chip Module (MCM) package. Figure 1 shows a functional block diagram for the SKY65116. The pin configuration and package are shown in Figure 2. Signal pin assignments and functional pin descriptions are provided in Table 1.
Figure 2. SKY65116 Pinout– 12-Pin MCM Package

Table 1. SKY65116 Signal Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>RFIN</td>
<td>RF input</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>RFOUT</td>
<td>RF output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>VCC1</td>
<td>Stage 1 collector voltage</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>VCC2</td>
<td>Stage 2 collector voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>VCNT</td>
<td>PA on/off control voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>VREF</td>
<td>Bias reference voltage</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Technical Description

The SKY65116 is comprised of two amplifier stages. The matching circuits for the input stage, inter-stage, and output stage are contained within the device. The bias circuits for both input and output stages are included within the device for optimum temperature tracking performance.

The SKY65116 is internally matched for optimum linearity and efficiency. The input and output stages are independently supplied using the VCC1 and VCC2 supply lines, pins 4 and 10, respectively. The bias reference voltage is supplied using a common VREF (pin 12) line. The device can be switched on and off using the VCNT signal (pin 11).
Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

The absolute maximum ratings of the SKY65116 are provided in Table 2. The recommended operating conditions are specified in Table 3 and electrical specifications are provided in Table 4.

Typical performance characteristics over temperature of the SKY65116 are illustrated in Figures 3 through 29.

Figure 34 shows the package dimensions for the 12-pin SKY65116 MCM and Figure 35 provides the tape and reel dimensions.

### Table 2. SKY65116 Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Typical</th>
<th>Max</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RF output power</td>
<td>P_{OUT}</td>
<td>+34.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>dBm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply voltage V_{CC1}, V_{CC2}, V_{REF}, V_{CNT}</td>
<td></td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply current</td>
<td>I_{CC}</td>
<td>1300</td>
<td></td>
<td>mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power dissipation</td>
<td>P_{DSS}</td>
<td>3.7</td>
<td></td>
<td>W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case operating temperature</td>
<td>T_{C}</td>
<td>–40</td>
<td>+85</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage temperature</td>
<td>T_{ST}</td>
<td>–55</td>
<td>+125</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junction temperature</td>
<td>T_{J}</td>
<td>+150</td>
<td></td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 1: Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may reduce device reliability. There is no damage to device with only one parameter set at the limit and all other parameters set at or below their nominal values.

**CAUTION:** Although this device is designed to be as robust as possible, Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage this device. This device must be protected at all times from ESD. Static charges may easily produce potentials of several kilovolts on the human body or equipment, which can discharge without detection. Industry-standard ESD precautions should be used at all times.

### Table 3. SKY65116 Recommended Operating Conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Typical</th>
<th>Max</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supply voltage</td>
<td>V_{CC}</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reference voltage</td>
<td>V_{REF}</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control voltage (power-up)</td>
<td>V_{CNT}</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control voltage (power down)</td>
<td>V_{CNT}</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating frequency</td>
<td>f</td>
<td>390</td>
<td></td>
<td>500</td>
<td>MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating case temperature</td>
<td>T_{C}</td>
<td>–40</td>
<td>+25</td>
<td>+85</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 4. SKY65116 Electrical Characteristics

(\(VCC1 = VCC2 = VCNT = VREF = 3.6 \, V, \, TC = +25 ^\circ C, \, Z0 = 50 \, \Omega, \, Unless \, Otherwise \, Specified\))

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Test Condition</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Typical</th>
<th>Max</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Frequency</td>
<td>F</td>
<td></td>
<td>390</td>
<td>500</td>
<td></td>
<td>MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quiescent current</td>
<td>I_{CQ}</td>
<td>No RF</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.33</td>
<td>0.375</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small signal gain</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>(P_{IN} = -15 , dBm)</td>
<td>33.5</td>
<td>35</td>
<td></td>
<td>dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input return loss</td>
<td>(S_11)</td>
<td>(P_{IN} = -15 , dBm)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
<td>dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output return loss</td>
<td>(S_{21})</td>
<td>(P_{IN} = -15 , dBm)</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td>dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output power</td>
<td>(P_{OUT})</td>
<td>(P_{1,dB})</td>
<td>31.5</td>
<td>32.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power added efficiency</td>
<td>PAE</td>
<td>(P_{OUT} \otimes P_{1,dB})</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>42</td>
<td></td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output IP3</td>
<td>OIP3</td>
<td>(P_{OUT} = 25 , dBm/tone)</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>43</td>
<td></td>
<td>dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noise figure</td>
<td>NF</td>
<td>(P_{IN} = -15 , dBm)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermal resistance</td>
<td>(\Theta_{JC})</td>
<td>Junction to case</td>
<td>17.6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>°C/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Typical Performance Characteristics
(VCC1 = VCC2 = VCNT = VREF = 3.6 V, TC = +25 °C, Z0 = 50 Ω, Unless Otherwise Specified)

Figure 3. Gain vs Frequency Across Temperature

Figure 4. OIP3 vs Output Power/Tone Across Temperature

Figure 5. Gain vs Frequency Across Voltage

Figure 6. OIP3 vs Output Power/Tone Across Voltage

Figure 7. ICQ vs Temperature Across Voltage

Figure 8. OIP3 vs Output Power/Tone Across Frequency
Figure 9. S11 vs Frequency Across Temperature

Figure 10. S11 vs Frequency Across VCC

Figure 11. S22 vs Frequency Across Temperature

Figure 12. S22 vs Frequency Across VCC

Figure 13. Noise Figure vs Frequency Across Temperature

Figure 14. Noise Figure vs Frequency Across VCC
Figure 15. PAE vs Output Power Across Temperature

Figure 16. ICC vs Output Power Across Temperature

Figure 17. PAE vs Output Power Across VCC

Figure 18. ICC vs Output Power Across VCC

Figure 19. PAE vs Output Power Across Frequency

Figure 20. ICC vs Output Power Across Frequency
Figure 21. Gain vs Output Power Across Temperature

Figure 22. Gain vs Output Power Across VCC

Figure 23. Gain vs Output Power Across Frequency

Figure 24. S-Parameters vs Frequency

Figure 25. Gain vs CW Power Out

Figure 26. P1dB vs Frequency
**DC/RF Response Time**

*(Vcc1, Vcc2, Vref = 3.6 V, Vcnt = 0/3.6 V, TA = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)*

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**Table 5. SKY65116 Rise/Fall Times (Note 1)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pulse</th>
<th>Percent</th>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Rise/Fall</th>
<th>Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RF-RF</td>
<td>10-90</td>
<td>P3</td>
<td>Rise</td>
<td>1.13 μs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC-RF</td>
<td>50-90</td>
<td>P4</td>
<td>Rise</td>
<td>13.45 μs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RF-RF</td>
<td>90-10</td>
<td>P5</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>0.034 μs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC-RF</td>
<td>50-10</td>
<td>P6</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>3.66 μs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note 1:** 10 μF capacitor, C2 and 0.01 μF capacitor, C5 removed for rise-fall time measurements. Their purpose is to filter DC noise < 200 MHz due to long bias leads to power supply. No noise observed with the removal of C2 and C5.
Theory of Operation

The SKY65116 is comprised of two amplifier stages, and is internally matched for optimum linearity and efficiency. The matching circuits for the input stage, inter-stage, and output stage are contained within the device. An on-chip active bias circuit is included within the device for both input and output stages providing for excellent gain tracking over temperature and voltage variations. The module operates with all positive DC voltages while maintaining high efficiency and good linearity. The nominal operating voltage is 3.6 V for maximum power, but can be operated at slightly lower voltages for other mobile applications.

The input and output stages are independently supplied using the VCC1 and VCC2 supply lines, pins 4 and 10, respectively. The bias reference voltage is supplied using a common VREF (pin 12) line.

The module includes a silicon CMOS controller circuit to provide an amplifier On/Off operation. VCNT (pin 11) is the PA on/off control voltage to the CMOS controller for stages 1 and 2. 0 V = Off, 3.6 V = On. Nominal “On” operating range is between 2.7 to 3.6 VDC. VCNT set to 0 VDC will force the amplifier into off mode, drawing only microamperes of current.

Application Circuit Notes

Center Ground. It is extremely important that the device paddle be sufficiently grounded for both thermal and stability reasons. Multiple small vias are acceptable and will work well under the device if solder migration is an issue.

Ground (Pins 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9). Attach all ground pins to the RF ground plane with the largest diameter and lowest inductance via that the layout will allow. Multiple small vias are also acceptable and will work well under the device if solder migration is an issue.

RF_IN (Pin 2). Amplifier RF Input Pin. ZO = 50 W. The module includes an onboard internal DC blocking capacitor. All impedance matching is provided internal to the module.

Vcc1 (Pin 4). Supply voltage for the first stage collector bias (typically 3.6 V). Bypassing of VCC1 is accomplished with C7 and C8 and should be placed in the approximate location shown on the evaluation board, but placement is not critical.

RF_OUT (Pin 8). Amplifier RF Output Pin. Zo = 50 W. The module includes an onboard internal DC blocking capacitor. All impedance matching is provided internal to the module.

Vcc2 (Pin 10). Supply voltage for the output (final) stage collector bias (typically 3.6 V). Bypassing of VCC2 is accomplished with C1 and C4 and should be placed in the approximate location shown on the evaluation board, but placement is not critical.

VCNT (Pin 11). VCNT is the PA on/off control voltage to the silicon CMOS controller for stages 1 and 2. 0 V = Off, 3.6 V = On. Nominal “On” operating range is between 2.7 to 3.6 VDC. VCNT set to 0 VDC will force the amplifier into standby mode.

VREF (Pin 12). Bias reference voltage for amplifier stages 1 and 2. VREF should be operated over the same voltage range as Vcc, with a nominal voltage of 3.6 V.

Package and Handling Information

Since the device package is sensitive to moisture absorption, it is baked and vacuum packed before shipping. Instructions on the shipping container label regarding exposure to moisture after the container seal is broken must be followed. Otherwise, problems related to moisture absorption may occur when the part is subjected to high temperature during solder assembly.

The SKY65116 is rated to Moisture Sensitivity Level 3 (MSL3) at 260 °C. It can be used for lead or lead-free soldering. For additional information, refer to the Skyworks Application Note, Solder Reflow Information, document number 200164.

Care must be taken when attaching this product, whether it is done manually or in a production solder reflow environment. Production quantities of this product are shipped in a standard tape and reel format.
Evaluation Board Description

Skyworks SKY65116 Evaluation Board is used to test the performance of the SKY65116 PA. The Evaluation Board schematic diagram is shown in Figure 30. The schematic shows the basic design of the board for the 390 to 500 MHz range. An assembly drawing for the Evaluation Board is shown in Figure 31 and the layer detail is provided in Figures 32 and 33.

Circuit Design Considerations

The following design considerations are general in nature and must be followed regardless of final use or configuration.

1. Paths to ground should be made as short as possible.
2. The ground pad of the SKY65116 PA has special electrical and thermal grounding requirements. This pad is the main thermal conduit for heat dissipation. Since the circuit board acts as the heat sink, it must shunt as much heat as possible from the amplifier. As such, design the connection to the ground pad to dissipate the maximum wattage produced to the circuit board. Multiple vias to the grounding layer are required.
3. Two external output bypass capacitors (0.01 µF and 10 µF) are required on the VCC1 (pin 4) supply input. The same two capacitors are also required on the VCC2 (pin 10) supply input and on the VREF input (pin 12). Each of these capacitors should be placed in parallel between the supply line and ground. See Figure 30 for a detailed diagram.
4. VCC1 (pin 4) and VCC2 (pin 10) may be connected together at the supply.

NOTE: Junction temperature (TJ) of the device increases with a poor connection to the ground pad and ground. This reduces the life of the device.

Evaluation Board Test Procedure

Use the following procedure to set up the SKY65116 Evaluation Board for testing:

1. Connect a +3.6 V supply to VCC1 and VCC2, and +3.6 V supply to VREF and VCNT. If available, enable the current limiting function of the VCC power supply to 1.5 A.
2. Connect a signal generator to the RF signal input port. Set it to the desired RF frequency at a power level of 2 dBm or less to the Evaluation Board but do NOT enable the RF signal.
3. Connect a spectrum analyzer to the RF signal output port.
4. Enable the power supply.
5. Enable the RF signal.
6. Take measurements.

NOTE: It is important that the VCC1 and VCC2 voltage source be adjusted such that 3.6 V is measured at the board. The high collector currents will drop the collector voltage significantly if long leads are used. Adjust the bias voltage to compensate.
Figure 30. SKY65116 Evaluation Board Schematic

Figure 31. Evaluation Board Assembly Diagram
Figure 32. Evaluation Board Layer Detail
Cross Section

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Thickness (mils)</th>
<th>Material</th>
<th>$\varepsilon_r$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L1</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>Cu</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lam1</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>Rogers 4003-12</td>
<td>3.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L2_GND</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>Cu, 1 oz.</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lam2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>FR4-4</td>
<td>4.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L3_GND</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>Cu, 1 oz.</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lam3</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>FR4-12</td>
<td>4.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L4</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>Cu, 1 oz.</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 33. Evaluation Board Layer Detail – Physical Characteristics

Notes:
2. All measurements are in millimeters.
3. Pad definitions per details on drawing.

Figure 34. SKY65116 12-Pin MCM Package Dimensions
Notes:

1. Carrier tape material: black conductive polycarbonate or polystyrene.
2. Cover tape: transparent conductive pressure sensitive adhesive (PSA) material, 13.3 mm width.
3. ESD-surface resistivity shall be < 1 x 10^8 ohms/square per EIA, JEDEC TNR specification.
4. All dimensions are in millimeters.

Figure 35. SKY65116 12-Pin MCM Tape and Reel Dimensions
## Ordering Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model Name</th>
<th>Manufacturing Part Number</th>
<th>Evaluation Kit Part Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SKY65116 390-500 MHz Linear Power Amplifier</td>
<td>SKY65116-21</td>
<td>TW14-D621</td>
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</table>


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